

Current sense...

Current Sense Type

- For XDPE1x286 and XDPE12550 part, selection can be *DCR* sense (as shown), *DCR Shunt* or *Non-DCR* (i.e. power stage with internal current sense)
- For other parts, current sense type will automatically change to *Non-DCR*
- Graphical figure will change to match selection made

Current Sense Design Tool

- Dialog that helps calculate the settings and any resistors needed

Current sense... DCRsense

Isen Gain

- Gain factor for the measured voltage across C_b that represent the current through the inductor
- Tune this value such that the current reading gain is accurate from 0A to 2/3 of TDC with **Isen Gain TC** set at 3906.25ppm/°C when temp change in inductor is small
- To get a starting value set the gain=0.15mV/DCR

Isen Gain checkbox

- Checked: override calibrated gain settings from the *Calibration* tab
- Unchecked: gain will use values from the *Calibration* tab

Isen Gain TC

- Temperature Coefficient for gain
- Typically between 2000 ~ 4000 ppm/°C
- Use the ideal copper TC=3906.25 first and then based on temperature compensation result of inductor DCR to trim this value
- This value could be different by layout.

Isen Gain Adjust by Vout

- Linear current sense gain compensation based on V_{out}

Ioffset Adjust by Vout

- Offset of the current sense based on V_{out}

Sampling Position Adjust

- Adjustment of reported phase current in the **Telemetry** window
- See next page for explanation

Power Stage

- When **Current sense Type** is **DCR**, selections are **DCR** and **Sense Resistor**

Cb and Rb

- Enter the real values used on the PCB for capacitor and resistor
- C_b typical 0.22µF

T (Network) mismatch measured

- This is the mismatch in the two time constants $R_b \cdot C_b$ and L/DCR for the real components
- Typical put a value 1-2%
- Explanation follows on the next pages

I_max Digitized and Min. I_max requirement.

- Check that the calculated **I_max Digitized** capability is equal or higher than **Min I_max Requirement**
- If not try to add more R_c to get a lower voltage on the ISEN-Iref signals. This to not exceed the 30mV input range for the current sense input for DCR.

Isen Gain Adjust by Iout

- Optional gain adjustment to the current sense based on I_{out}
- Compensate for a non-linear behavior in current reporting for small currents
- For load currents greater than the specified A/ph Condition, the specified **Gain Adjust** value will be applied
- Recommended setting for **Condition** is 16~20A/ph

$$Isen\ Gain\ @\ I_x\ per\ phase = Isen\ Gain * (I_x - I_{condition}) * (1 + GainAdjust)$$

Current sense... Sense resistor

Isen Gain

- Gain factor for the measured voltage across R_b that represent the current through the inductor
- Tune this value such that the current reading gain is accurate from 0A to 2/3 of TDC with **Isen Gain TC** set at 3906.25ppm/°C when temp change in inductor is small
- To get a starting value set the gain=0.15mV/DCR

Isen Gain checkbox

- Checked: override calibrated gain settings from the *Calibration* tab
- Unchecked: gain will use values from the *Calibration* tab

Isen Gain TC

- Temperature Coefficient for gain
- Typically between 2000 ~ 4000 ppm/°C
- Use the ideal copper TC=3906.25 first and then based on temperature compensation result of inductor DCR to trim this value
- This value could be different by layout.

Isen Gain Adjust by Vout

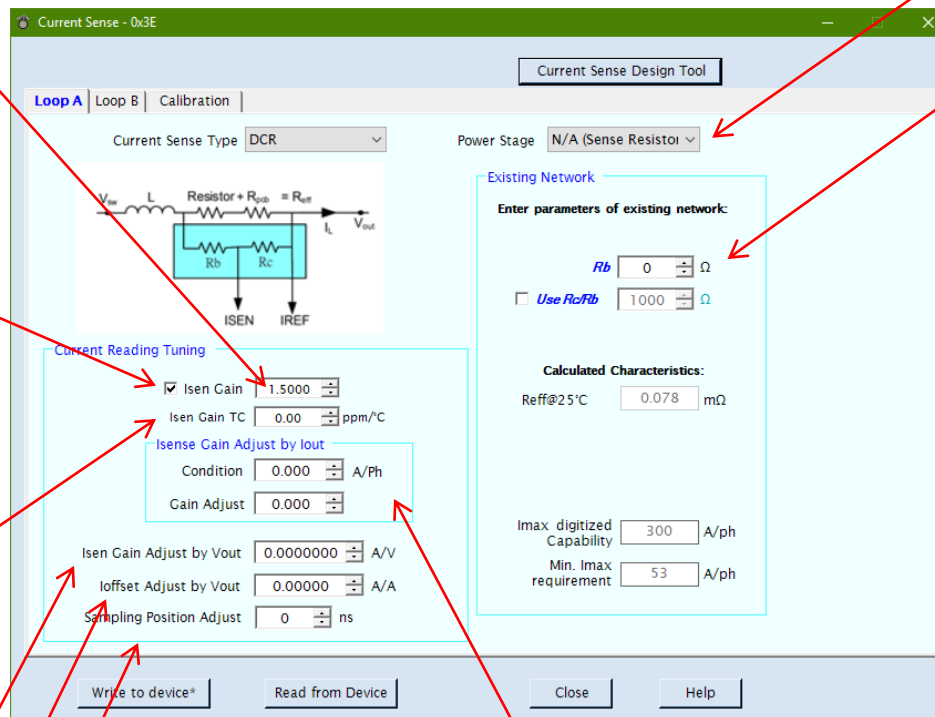
- Linear current sense gain compensation based on V_{out}

Ioffset Adjust by Vout

- Offset of the current sense based on V_{out}

Sampling Position Adjust

- Adjustment of reported phase current in the **Telemetry** window
- See next page for explanation



Power Stage

- When **Current sense Type** is **DCR**, selections are **DCR** and **Sense Resistor**

With a sense resistor instead of DCR sense, the resistor divider is often 0ohm.

Typically temperature dependence TC is much less than for DCR. See resistor vendors datasheet for value.

Isen Gain Adjust by Iout

- Optional gain adjustment to the current sense based on I_{out}
- Compensate for a non-linear behavior in current reporting for small currents
- For load currents greater than the specified A/ph Condition, the specified **Gain Adjust** value will be applied
- Recommended setting for **Condition** is 16~20A/ph

$$Isen\ Gain\ @\ I_x\ per\ phase = Isen\ Gain * (I_x - I_{condition}) * (1 + GainAdjust)$$

Current sense... Non-DCR

Isen Gain

- Gain to use for all phases for the signal from the power stage
- To get a starting value, set the gain=0.35 when using a power stage like TDA21460

Isen Gain checkbox

- Checked: override calibrated gain settings from the *Calibration* tab
- Unchecked: gain will use values from the *Calibration* tab

Isen Gain TC

- Temperature Coefficient for gain
- Typically set to 0

Isen Gain Adjust by Vout

- Linear current sense gain compensation based on Vout

Ioffset Adjust by Vout

- Offset of the current sense based on Vout

Sampling Position Adjust

- Adjustment of reported phase current in the **Telemetry** window
- See next page for explanation

Current Sense - 0x7C

Current Sense Design Tool

Loop A | Loop B | Calibration

Current Sense Type: Non-DCR

Power Stage: Traveler/Voyager

Existing Network

Enter parameters of existing network:

Calculated Characteristics:

Imax digitized Capability: 133 A/ph

Min. Imax requirement: 66 A/ph

Current Reading Tuning

☒ Isen Gain: 0.3750

Isen Gain TC: 0.00 ppm/°C

Isense Gain Adjust by Iout

Condition: 0.000 A/Ph

Gain Adjust: 0.000

Isen Gain Adjust by Vout: 0.0000000 APC/V

Ioffset Adjust by Vout: 0.0000000 A/V

Sampling Position Adjust: 0 ns

Write to device | Read from Device | Close

Power Stage

- When **Current sense Type** is *Non-DCR*, select device name family depending on the power stage being used
- Traveler/Voyager
- Big Rock
- Sapphire/Denali

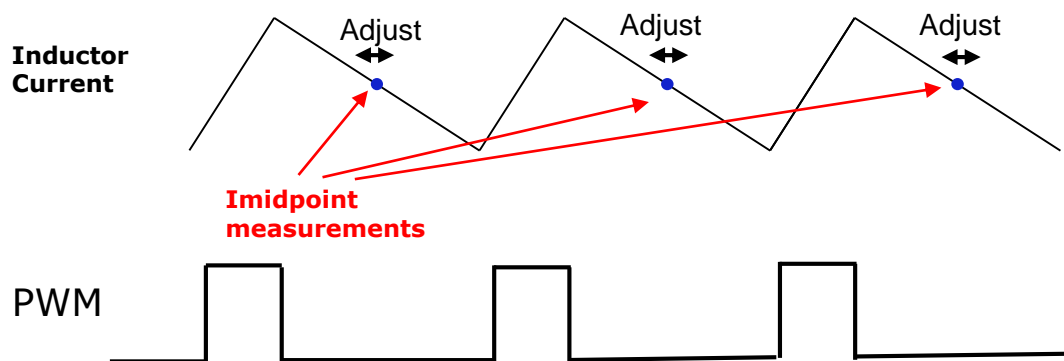
Isen Gain Adjust by Iout

- Optional gain adjustment to the current sense based on Iout
- Compensate for a non-linear behavior in current reporting for small currents
- For load currents greater than the specified A/ph Condition, the specified **Gain Adjust** value will be applied
- Recommended setting for **Condition** is 16~20A/ph

$$\text{Isen Gain @ } I_x \text{ per phase} = \text{Isen Gain} * (I_x - I_{\text{condition}}) * (1 + \text{GainAdjust})$$

Current Sense...

- › Sampling Position Adjust. Will influence the Phase current in Telemetry window
 - Current is measured at every Imidpoint of the falling edge of inductor current and the controller use this for current balance function and report the per phase current in telemetry window
 - Sometimes the inductor current curve is not perfect. Delays in powerstage and distortion shift the curve and the reported phase current will not be the actual average phase current.
 - This setting allow for some adjustment to get closer to the mid point of inductor current that is then reported in Telemetry window as phase current.
 - Current balance is not influenced as it still compare all phases at same point in time.



With Adjust as negative the sampling occur earlier equals higher reported current
 Positive number delays the sampling and reports a lower phase current

Current sense... Current sense design tool

A tool to help calculate current sense parameters. Use knowledge from the 3 following theory slides to find suitable numbers to enter.

First enter some basic numbers for the design

2nd step. Enter Data for inductor used
And the Cb capacitor 0.22uF recommended.
T margin typical 2%

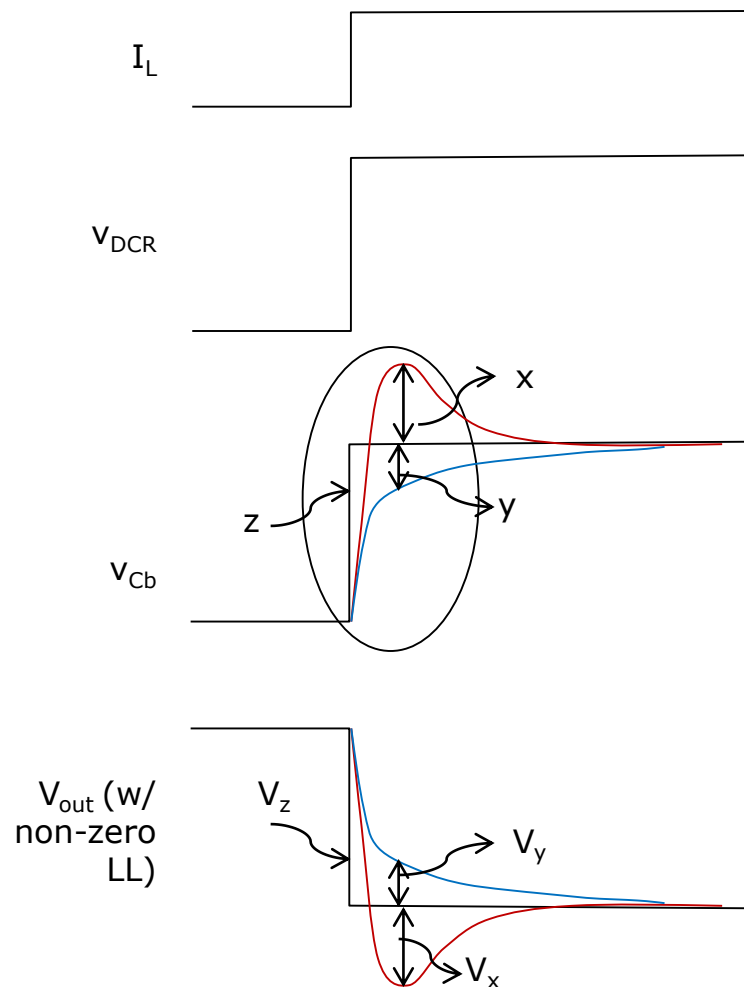
3rd step. Enter Data for Rb resistor

Use Rc. If there is a high DCR value the sense voltage may be needed to be divided down by using resistor Rc. If this is used mark the box and enter a number in the **Rc** field

Isense gain. Calculated value that can be used as Isense gain in the current sense window. It is to be used as starting point as final gain is determined by testing.

Current sense... dynamic response: $R_b * C_b$ time constant

$$v_{Cb_x} = v_{DCR_x} * \frac{L / DCR}{R_b * C_b}, \quad s \rightarrow \infty$$



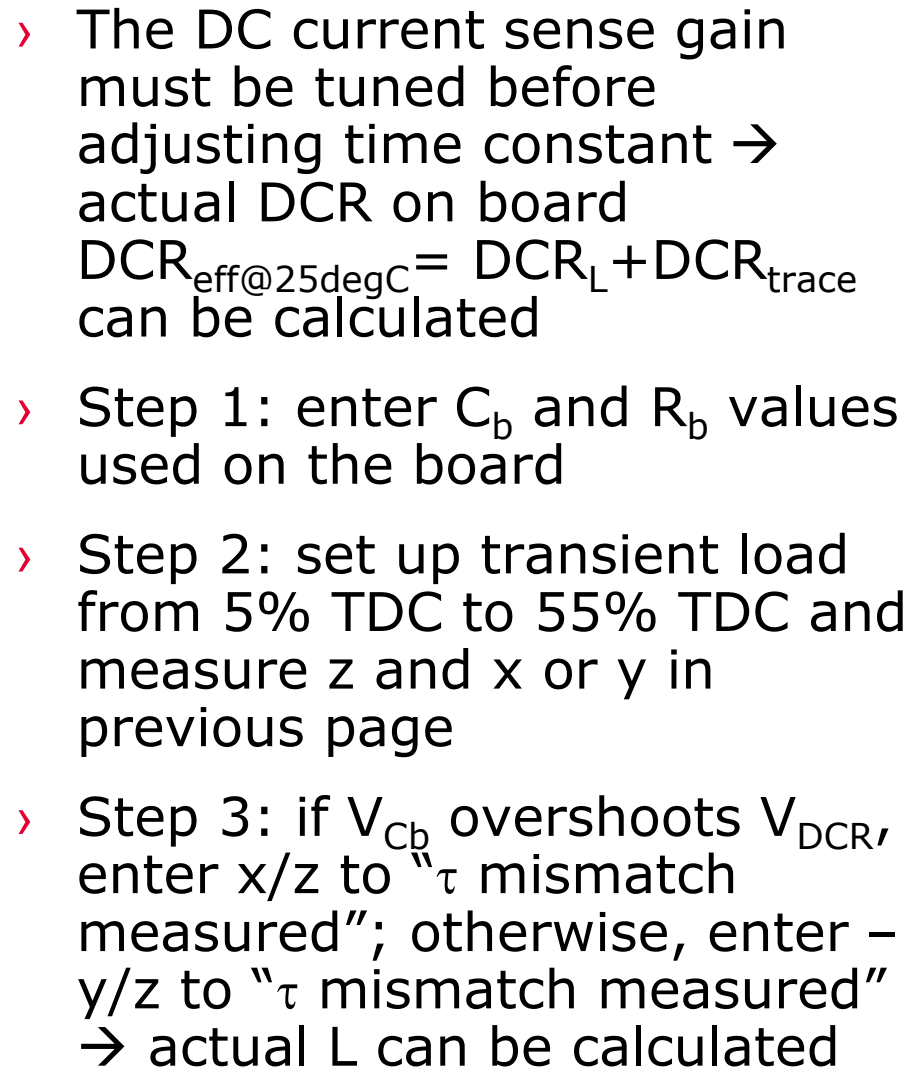
› Impact of how $R_b * C_b$ compared to L / DCR_{eff} :

- If $R_b * C_b = L / DCR_{eff}$, v_{Cb} will be the same v_{DCR} at any frequency
- If $R_b * C_b < L / DCR_{eff}$, v_{Cb} will underdamp v_{DCR} which leads to overshoot/undershoot during transient when LL is non-zero. To adjust time constant:

- $(R_b * C_b)_{new} = (R_b * C_b)_{orig} * (1 + x/z)$

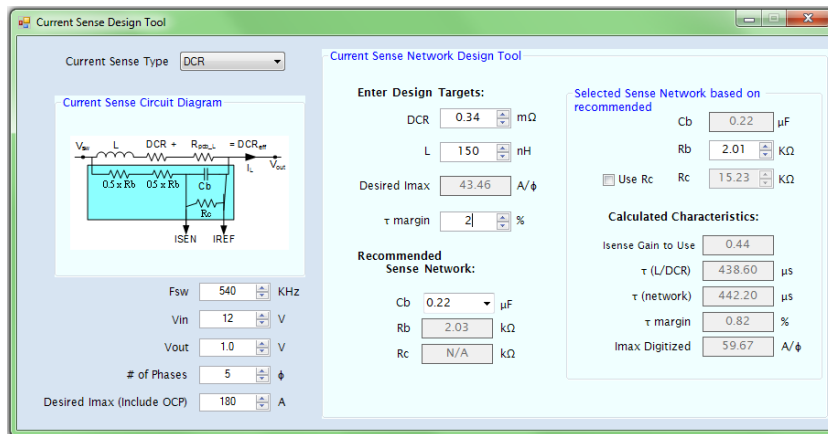
- If $R_b * C_b > L / DCR$, v_{Cb} will overdamp v_{DCR} . To adjust time constant:

- $(R_b * C_b)_{new} = (R_b * C_b)_{orig} * (1 - y/z)$



Current sense... Adjust DCR sense network time constant – method 1: using transient waveforms with non-zero LL slope (2 of 2)

- › Step 5: Select the desired C_b value and then R_b will be calculated automatically
 - Tip: recommend to keep the same C_b value and only adjust R_b value to minimize modifications on board
- › Step 7: change the R_b or C_b to the new values on the board and verify DC current reading and time constants matching again
 - Iteration of DC current reading and time constant adjustments might be necessary



Current sense... Calibration

- Partly automated calibration of offset and gain per phase.
- Optimizes the reported current and compensate for variations between phases.
- It is also possible to manually enter values into the **Register Value** section.

Calibration Procedure

- Check the **Phx** checkbox to select which phase(s) to calibrate.
- Click **Begin Calibration** button
 - A series of pop up windows will guide the user when to turn on/off the load.
 - Note: max of 30A per phase
 - GUI will measure telemetry values in each phase in sequence with no load and with load and will calculate offset and gain for each selected phase.
 - Calculated calibrated values will be displayed in the *Calibration Values* column.
- Click on the **Copy Calibration Values to Registers** button to copy the values to the register section.
- Click the **Write to device** button to write them into memory of the controller.

Phx

- When checked, phase x will calculate the suggested calibration values for Ioffset and Gain.

Total PSx - Ioffset

- Total Ioffset for each PS states.
- During calibration, calibrated values are automatically changed to 0
- Selecting the **Update** checkbox will copy these values to its equivalent Register Values dialog fields when **Copy Calibration** button is selected

Begin Calibration

- When selected, it will start the calibration process.
- Only enabled when at least 1 **Phx** checkbox is selected.

The screenshot shows the 'Current Sense - 0x3E' window with the 'Calibration' tab selected. It is divided into two main sections: 'Loop A' and 'Loop B'. Each section contains a table for 'Calibration Values' (Ioffset and Gain) and 'Register Values' (Ioffset and Gain). In the 'Loop A' section, the 'Ph1' through 'Ph7' checkboxes are checked, and the 'Ioffset' values are populated with negative numbers. In the 'Loop B' section, only 'Ph1' is checked, and the 'Ioffset' value is 0.000. Below these tables are buttons for 'Begin Calibration', 'Copy Calibration Values to Registers', 'Write to device*', 'Read from Device', 'Close', and 'Help'. Red arrows from the text boxes point to the 'Phx' checkboxes, the 'Total PSx - Ioffset' section, the 'Begin Calibration' button, the 'Copy Calibration Values to Registers' button, and the 'Write to device*' button.

Copy Calibration Values to Registers

- This will copy the calculated *Calibration Values* column to the *Register Values* column.
- Write to device** button needs to be selected to write to the actual registers

Current sense... Calibration

Differences in DCR sense, power stages or layout can make each phase differ slightly in **Gain** and **Ioffset**.

Gain will be locked against changes if the "hook" on Loop A or B tab is marked as then all Gain is forced to the same setting as entered in Loop tab.

Ioffset

- Offset current for each phase.
- Can be entered manually or automated by the calibration function

Gain

- Gain for each phase.
- Can be entered manually or automated by the calibration function.

Total PSx Ioffset

- Adjustment of reported current for different PowerStates.
- As PowerStates may use different number of phase, the reported current may change and can be compensated by adding an offset.

The screenshot shows the 'Current Sense Design Tool' window with the 'Calibration' tab selected. It displays settings for two loops, Loop A and Loop B. Each loop has a table for 'Calibration Values' (Ioffset and Gain) and 'Register Values' (Ioffset and Gain). Red arrows point from the text boxes on the left to specific fields in the software interface.

Loop	Phase	Ioffset (A)	Gain
Loop A	Ph1	-4.625	0.5508
	Ph2	-4.000	0.5508
	Ph3	-6.500	0.5508
	Ph4	-5.875	0.5508
	Ph5	-4.750	0.5508
	Ph6	-11.875	0.5508
	Ph7	4.250	0.5508
Loop A	Total PS0	0.000	Update
	Total PS1	0.000	Update
	Total PS2	0.000	Update
	Total PS3	0.000	Update
Loop B	Ph1	0.000	0.5508
	Ph2		
	Ph3		
	Ph4		
	Ph5		
	Ph6		
	Ph7		
Loop B	Total PS0	0.000	Update
	Total PS1	0.000	Update
	Total PS2	0.000	Update
	Total PS3	0.000	Update

Buttons at the bottom: Write to device*, Read from Device, Close, Help.